Infrastructure and Environment

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Our ref: 02V/03/04 17 January 2025

DECLARATION OF SPECIAL MEASURES: Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD)

IMPORTATION OF ANIMAL CASINGS FROM SUSCEPTIBLE ANIMALS FROM CERTAIN THIRD COUNTRIES AND TERRITORIES

Animal Health (Jersey) Law 2016

Animal Health (Importation of Miscellaneous Goods and Animals) (Jersey) Order 2017

EU Legislation (Veterinary and Zootechnical Checks – Trade with Member States) (Jersey) Regulations 2016

The Minister for the Environment

- a. Has reasonable grounds for suspecting the existence of Foot and Mouth disease in certain third countries and territories, such that certain animals and animal products originating from territories subject to special transitional import arrangements are liable to pose a risk to animal health.
- b. In exercise of the powers conferred under Regulation 15 of the EU Legislation (Veterinary and Zootechnical Checks – Trade with Member States) (Jersey) Regulations 2016 the Minister for the Environment declares the following special measures to be necessary in Jersey to contain the risk to animal health:

1. Suspension of entry of certain animal products into Jersey

- 1.1 Subject to paragraphs 1.2 and 1.3, entry into Jersey is suspended for animal casings from susceptible animals originating from countries and territories outside the British Islands
- 1.2 Restrictions in paragraphs 1.1 not apply if the product:

- a) originate from a country or territory listed in Annex 1 to this Declaration, or an FMD-free zone listed in Annex 2 (2) to this Declaration; and
 - a) the conditions in paragraph 4 are met; or
- b) the country, territory or FMD-free zone is listed in Annex 2 to Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements, as authorised for imports of fresh meat into Jersey provided
 - i. the authorisation is not subject to provision of a supplementary guarantee other than supplementary guarantee 'G'; and
 - ii. the consignment is accompanied by a completed certificate using the model provided in Annex 5 to this Declaration.
- 1.7 The restriction in paragraph 1 does not apply if:
- a) the animal casings originate from a country or territory listed in Annex 3 to this Declaration; and
 - b) the conditions in paragraph 4 are met
 - 1.8 The conditions referred to in paragraphs 1.6 and 1.7 are that:
 - a) the animal casings have been subjected to either of the following treatments:
 - i) salting with sodium chloride (NaCl), either dry or as saturated brine (Aw < 0.80), for a continuous period of 30 days or longer at a temperature of 20°C or above; or
 - ii) salting with phosphate supplemented salt 86.5% NaCl, 10.7% Na2HPO4 and 2.8% Na3PO4 (weight/weight/weight), either dry or as saturated brine (Aw < 0.80) for a continuous period of 30 days or longer at a temperature of 20°C or above;

- b) the animal casings are derived from animals that are not from premises under restriction for a notifiable disease; and
- c) the consignment is accompanied by a completed certificate using the model provided in Annex 5 to this Declaration.

 1.9. The requirements in this Declaration are in addition to any other requirements that apply in relation to import of animal casings, including the requirements in Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (4).

2. Interpretation

In this Declaration:

- a) "animal casings" means intestines and bladders that, after cleaning, have been processed by tissue scraping, defatting and washing, and have been treated with salt;
- b) "notifiable disease" means a disease listed in Annex 4 to this Declaration;
- c) "premises under restriction" means any establishment, land, building or other place where animals are habitually or temporarily kept that is under restriction imposed by the competent authority of the exporting country or territory for disease control purposes, including as a suspect premises, contact premises or premises in a disease control zone, but does not include where premises are required to undertake enhanced biosecurity measures in a free area; and
- d) "susceptible animals" means bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals
- **3.** The conditions of entry in this Declaration are in addition to any other requirements that apply in relation to products from susceptible animals.

Susana Ramos

Chief Veterinary Officer

A person duly authorised by the Minister of the Environment Date 17 January 2025

Annex 1

Countries and territories which are referred to in paragraph 1.6 of this Declaration

1. Albania	2. Argentina	3. Australia
4. Austria	5. Belarus	6. Belgium
7. Belize	8. Bolivia	9. Bosnia and
		Herzegovina
10. Brazil	11.Brunei	12.Bulgaria
13. Canada	14. Chile	15. Taiwan
16. Colombia	17. Costa Rica	18. Croatia
19. Cuba	20. Cyprus	21. Czechia
22. Denmark ⁵	23. Dominican	24. Ecuador
	Republic	
25. El Salvador	26. Estonia	27. Eswatini
28. Falkland Islands	29. Finland ⁶	30.France ⁷
31. Greece	32. Greenland	33. Guatemala
34. Guyana	35. Haiti	36. Honduras
37. Hungary	38. Iceland	39. Ireland
40. Italy	41.Japan	42.Latvia
43.Lesotho	44. Liechtenstein	45.Lithuania
46.Luxembourg	47. Madagascar	48. Malta
49. Mexico	50. Montenegro	51. New Caledonia
52. New Zealand	53. Nicaragua	54. North Macedonia
55. Norway	56. Panama	57. Paraguay
58. Peru	59. Philippines	60. Poland
61.Portugal ⁸	62. Romania	63. San Marino
64.Saint Pierre and	65. Serbia	66. Singapore
Miquelon		
67. Slovakia	68. Slovenia	69.Spain ⁹
70. Suriname	71.Sweden	72.Switzerland
73. The Netherlands	74. Ukraine	75. United States of
		America ¹⁰
76. Uruguay	77. Vanuatu.	

- (5) Including Faroe Islands.
- (6) Including Åland Islands.
- (7) Including French Guiana, Guadeloupe, Martinique, Réunion.
- (8) Including Azores and Madeira.
- (9) Including Balearic Islands and Canary Islands.
- (10) Including American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico and US Virgin Islands

Annex 2

FMD-free zones which are referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Declaration:

- i. Botswana⁹
 - one zone consisting of Zones 3c (Dukwi), 4b, 5, 6a, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12
 and 13
 - one zone consisting of Zone 3c (Maitengwe)
 - one zone covering Zone 4a
 - one zone covering Zone 6b
 - one zone covering Zone 3b
 - one zone covering Zone 7

ii. Kazakhstan¹⁰

- Zone 1 consisting of Almaty and Zhetisu regions
- Zone 2 consisting of Abay and East Kazakhstan regions
- Zone 3 including part of Kyzylorda region, northern part of South Kazakhstan region, northern and central parts of Zhambyl region
- Zone 4 including southern part of Kyzylorda region and south-western part of South Kazakhstan region
- Zone 5 including south-eastern part of South Kazakhstan region and southern part of Zhambyl region

iii. Malaysia11

one zone covering the provinces of Sabah and Sarawak

iv. Moldova¹²

- one zone

v. Namibia 13

- one zone

- (11) The zones can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2024/04/a-botswana.png.
- (12) The zones can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here:https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2024/10/a-kazakhstan-october-2024-1.png.
- (13) The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/malaysia-eng.png.
- (14) The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/moldova-eng.png.

(15) The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/namibia-eng-1.png

vi. Russia16

Zone-South including Southern and North Caucasian Federal Districts, consisting of
 Subjects: Rostov Oblast, Stavropol Krai, Krasnodar Krai, Volgograd Oblast,
 Astrakhan Oblast, Republic of Kalmykia, Chechen Republic, Republic of Ingushetia,
 Republic of Dagestan, Kabardino-Balkarian Republic, Karachay-Cherkess Republic,
 Republic of North Ossetia-Alania, Republic of Adygea;

Zone-Sakhalin consisting of the Island of Sakhalin and the Kurile Islands;

- Eastern Siberia consisting of two Subjects (Republic of Tuva and Republic of Buryatia) and one administrative Raion of the Republic of Altai (Kosh-Agachsky Raion) Zone V 'Far East' consisting of five Subjects: Amur Oblast, Jewish Autonomous Oblast, Primorsky Krai, Khabarovsky Krai, Zabaykalsky Krai vii. Turkey17 one zone.
- (16) The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/russia-eng.png.
- (17) The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/turkiye-eng.png

Annex 3

Countries and territories which are referred to in paragraph 1.7 of this

Declaration:

- 1. China
- 2. Egypt
- 3. India
- 4. Iran
- 5. Lebanon
- 6. Morocco
- 7. Mongolia
- 8. Pakistan
- 9. Tunisia
- 10. Uzbekistan

Annex 4

Diseases which are referred to in paragraph 6(b) of this Declaration:

- 1. African Swine Fever
- 2. Bluetongue
- 3. Bovine genital campylobacteriosis
- 4. Bovine Viral Diarrhoea
- 5. Bovine spongiform encephalopathy
- 6. Bovine tuberculosis
- 7. Brucellosis caused by Brucella melitensis
- 8. Classical swine fever
- 9. Contagious agalactia
- 10. Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia
- 11. Contagious epidydimitis
- 12. Epizootic haemorrhagic virus disease
- 13.Foot-and-mouth disease
- 14. Glanders (Burkholderia mallei)
- 15.Goat pox
- 16.Infection with bovine rhinotracheitis or infectious pustular vulvovaginitis
- 17.Infection with porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus
- 18.Lumpy skin disease
- 19.Paratuberculosis
- 20. Peste des petits ruminants
- 21.porcine epidemic diarrhoea
- 22.Rift Valley Fever
- 23.Rinderpest
- 24.Scrapie
- 25.Sheep pox
- 26.Trichomonosis
- 27. Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathy.

Annex 5 Model health certificate for animal casings (CAS) GBHC370 v2.0 Dec-24

Part I. Details of dispatched consignment								
I.1 Consignor		I.2 Certificate reference no.		I.3 Central competent authority				
Name:								
Address:			12 a N	ot in use		LALocs	al competent aut	hority
			1.2.0 1	ot iii use		1.4 LUC	ii competent aut	(
Tel:								
I.5 Consignee					I.6 Not in use			
Name:								
Address:								
Tel:								
I.7 Country of origin	ISO code	I.8 Regi origi		Code	I.9 Country of destination	ISO	I.10 Region of	Code
origin	code	origi	п	destination	code destination			
I.11 Place of or	rigin				I.12 Not in use			
Name:								
Approval number	er:							
Address:								
				· \				
			<					
) `					
I.13 Place of lo	ading				I.14 Date of departure			
Address								
I.15 Means of transport			I.16 Entry BCP					
Aeroplane								
☐ Ship								
☐ Railway wagon								
Road vehicle								
☐ Other				I.17 Not in use				
Identification:								
Document:								
a security in								

Casings (CAS) GBHC370			II.a. Certificate reference no. II.b.			
I.18 Description of	commodity					
I.19 Commodity code (HS code)		I.21 Temperature of products Ambient Chilled Frozen		I.23 Seal / Container No.		
I.20 Quantity		I.22 Number of packages		I.24 Not in use		
I.25 Commodity cer Human consumpt I.26 Not in use			I.27 For imp	ort or admiss	sion into Grea	t Britain
I.28 Identification o	f the commod	lities		$\langle \langle \rangle \rangle$		
Species (Scientific name)	Treatment	Address and approval number of the establishment(s)		Number of Packages	Description	Net Weight
			.(())			

Part II. Certification

Animal Health

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animal casings described in Part I of this certificate:

AH/P202 Product requirements

are derived from bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals that are not from a premises under restriction for a notifiable disease

AH/P607 Product requirements (for casings derived from animals other than bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals)

have been cleaned, scraped and:

("EITHER [salted with NaCl for 30 days;]

(*)AND/OR [bleached;]

(*)AND/OR [dried after scraping;]

AH/P716 Product requirements

(*)EITHER

[they are processed from bladders and/or intestines obtained from bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals from territories/zones with code which is/are eligible for imports of fresh meat of the relevant species without any supplementary guarantees for that species, except supplementary guarantee 'G', indicated in column 5 of the document relating to 'fresh

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II.a. Certificate reference no.	II.b.

meat of ungulates' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.(†);]

(*)OR

[have been processed from bladders and/or intestines obtained from (*)[bovine], (*)[ovine and/or caprine], (*)[porcine animals] and during their processing have been:]

(*)EITHER [salted with sodium chloride (NaCl), either dry or as saturated brine (aw<0.80), for a continuous period of 30 days or longer, at temperature of 20°C or above;]]

(*)OR

[salted with phosphate supplemented salt containing 86.5% NaCl, 10.7% Na2HPO4 and 2.8% Na3PO4 (weight/weight/weight), either dry or as saturated brine (aw<0.80), for a continuous period of 30 days or longer, at a temperature of 20°C or above:

AH/P903 Product requirements

have undergone all precautions to avoid recontamination after treatment;

Public Health

I hereby certify that the animal casings described in Part I of this certificate:

PH/D007 Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE)

("[if containing material from bovine, ovine or caprine animals the following conditions must be met:

(1) [the country or region is classified with a negligible BSE risk and;

- (a) the animals from which the products were derived passed ante and post-mortem inspections:
- (*)[(b) the animals have been slaughtered in compliance with GB regulations in regards laceration of certain tissues after stunning;]
- (°[(c) the product does not contain and is not derived from specified risk material in compliance with GB regulations;]
- (*)[(d) if the product contains or is derived from bovine, ovine or caprine mechanically separated meat that it complies with GB regulations; and]
- (*) if the animals originate from a country or region classified with an undetermined BSE risk and:
 - (i) they have not been fed with meat-and-bone meal or greaves, and
 - (ii) the product was produced and handled in compliance with GB regulations with regard to contamination with nervous and lymphatic tissues;]]

()AND/OR

- (2) [the country or region is classified with a controlled BSE risk and;
 - (a) the animals from which the products were derived passed ante and post-mortem inspections;
 - (b) the animals have been slaughtered in compliance with GB regulations in regards laceration of certain tissues after stunning; and
 - (°[(c) the product does not contain and is not derived from specified risk material or mechanically separated meat in compliance with GB regulations;]
 - (*)[(d) the intestines were sourced from a country or region with negligible BSE risk and are derived from animals that were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country with negligible BSE risk that passed ante and post-mortem inspections, and

©EITHER

(*)[(i) if the intestines were sourced from a country where there have been BSE indigenous cases, the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meatand-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants has been enforced:)

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		II.a. Certificate reference no.	II.b.		
Casings (CAS) GBHC370					
	bee and	the intestines were sourced from n BSE indigenous cases, the mea are not derived from specified ris GB regulations;]]]]	at products do not contain		
(*)AND/OR (3) [the	country or region is cla	assified with an undetermined BS	E risk and;		
(a)		h the products are derived were r m ruminants and passed ante an			
(b)	(b) the animals have been slaughtered in compliance with GB regulations in regards laceration of certain tissues after stunning; and				
^(*) [(c)	nervous and lymphatic	contain and is not derived from sp c tissues exposed during the deb ed meat. in compliance with GB re	oning process; or		
ි[(d)	are derived from anima	urced from a country or region wit als that were born, continuously re BSE risk that passed ante and p	eared and slaughtered in a		
	bee date and	e intestines were sourced from a n BSE indigenous cases, the anir e from which the ban on the feedi -bone meal and greaves derived prced;]	mals were born after the ng of ruminants with meat-		
	bee and	the intestines were sourced from n BSE indigenous cases, the me are not derived from specified ris GB regulations;]]]]]	at products do not contain		
(*) Keep as appropriate					
Official Veterinarian					
By signing this certification		requirements laid out above a	nd in the accompanying		
Name (in capital letters	s):	Qualification and title:			

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Signature:

Date:

Stamp:

Part III. Notes for completion

These notes for completion must be read and understood by the certifying officer before signing the certificate. Notes are set out in sections that correspond to the sections in the certificate. By signing this certificate, certifiers are verifying that the consignment meets the requirements set out in the certificate and any relevant corresponding notes for completion.

These notes do not need to be printed as part of a paper certificate that accompanies the consignment or in any electronic copy of the certificate.

References to European Union legislation within this certificate are references to direct EU legislation which has been assimilated in Great Britain (assimilated EU law as defined in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) and can be viewed on the UK legislation website (legislation.gov.uk).

References to Great Britain in this certificate include Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

References to GB requirements refer to the requirement(s) of Great Britain as set out in the accompanying notes for completion.

Part I

Box reference I.15: The registration number(s) of railway wagons or lorry and the name of the ship

should be given as appropriate. If known, the flight number of the aircraft. In case of transport in containers or boxes, the total number, their registration and seal numbers, if present, should be indicated under point I.23.

Box reference I.28: Treatment that has been applied from the options listed in the Animal Health

attestation in AH/P607 or AH/P716.

Part II

Animal Health

AH/P202 Product requirements

No further notes for completion.

AH/P607 Product requirements (for casings derived from animals other than bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals)

No further notes for completion.

AH/P716 Product requirements

No further notes for completion.

AH/P903 Product requirements

No further notes for completion.

Public Health

PH/D007 Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE)

The following must be certified if the intestines used in the preparation of casings contain material from bovine, ovine or caprine animals, depending on the BSE category of the country of origin:

- (1) This must be certified when the import is from a country or region classified as a country or region posing a negligible BSE risk in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) 999/2001.^(‡)
 - (a) The animals, from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine origin were derived, have passed ante-mortem and post-mortem inspections.
 - (b) The animals, from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived have not been slaughtered after stunning by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity or killed by the same method or slaughtered by laceration after stunning of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, except if the

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- animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin are derived, were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.(‡)
- (c) The products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to this Regulation.
 - The removal of specified risk material is not required if the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin derive from animals born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a third country or region of a third country classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status'.(1)
- (d) If the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin contain or are derived from mechanically separated meat (MSM) obtained from bones of bovine, ovine and/or caprine animals, they have been obtained from animals of those species which were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK (‡), in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, and in which there have been no BSE indigenous cases.
 - If the above conditions are not met, then the meat products must not contain or be derived from MSM from those species.
- (e) This attestation is applicable when condition (i) below in relation to bovine, ovine and/or caprine animals is met. In that case conditions (ii) and (iii) must also be met:
 - the animals, from which the products are derived, originate from a country or region classified as posing an undetermined BSE risk as set out in a document relating to "BSE risk status" published on GOV.UK^(‡), in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001;
 - (ii) the animals, from which the products are derived, have not been fed with meat-and-bone meal or greaves, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health:
 - (iii) the products were produced and handled in a manner which ensures that they do not contain and were not contaminated with nervous and lymphatic tissues exposed during the deboning process.
- (2) This must be certified when the import is from a country or region classified as posing a controlled BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.^(‡)
 - (a) The animals, from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine origin were derived, have passed ante-mortem and post-mortem inspections.
 - (b) The animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin destined for export were derived have not been killed, after stunning, by laceration of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, or by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity.
 - (c) The products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, or mechanically separated meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine or caprine animals.
 - The removal of specified risk material is not required if the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin derive from animals born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a third country or region of a third country classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK.
 - (d) In the case of intestines originally sourced from a country or a region with a negligible BSE risk, imports of treated intestines shall be subject to the presentation of an animal health certificate attesting that:

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- the country or region is classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing a controlled BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK; (‡)
- (ii) the animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in the country or region with a negligible BSE risk and passed ante mortem and post mortem inspections;
- (iii) if the intestines are sourced from a country or region where there have been BSE indigenous cases:
 - the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants has been enforced; or
 - the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001
- (3) This must be certified when the import is from a country or region that is classified as a country or region with an undetermined BSE risk, in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.(#)
 - (a) The animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived have not been fed meat-and-bone meal or greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the WOAH (formerly OIE) Terrestrial Animal Health Code, and passed ante mortem and post mortem inspections.
 - (b) The animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived have not been killed, after stunning, by laceration of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, or by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity.
 - (c) No further notes for completion.
 - (d) In the case of intestines originally sourced from a country or a region with a negligible BSE risk, imports of treated intestines shall be subject to the presentation of an animal health certificate attesting that:
 - the country or region is classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing an undetermined BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK;
 - (ii) the animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in the country or region with a negligible BSE risk and passed ante mortem and post mortem inspections;
 - (iii) if the intestines are sourced from a country or region where there have been BSE indigenous cases:
 - the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants has been enforced; or
 - the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to this Regulation.

EU and EFTA countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain

(Available at: https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/4698a65d-1a3b-42d1-981e-df869e04185b/eu-and-efta-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)

Non-EU countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain

(Available at: https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/b92627b0-dd7b-4e1d-ba36-e25424f55eeb/non-eu-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)

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^(†) The document(s) referred to above can be found at:

(±) A document relating to the 'Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) risk status' of approved trading partners published by the Secretary of State, with the consent of the Scottish and Welsh Ministers, can be found at:

Animal health status of countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain - data.gov.uk

(Available at: https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/b7712d2e-debb-4996-8e79-d27ca7492a00/animal-health-status-of-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)

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